## Student Success \Speed-reading

## How to Use Non-Text Information

| NON-TEXT | WHAT IT DOES | EXAMPLES |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| STATIC <br> DIAGRAMS | Shows the parts of a static <br> (non-moving) visual object. | Biology (e.g. the cell, the brain) and <br> mechanical physics (e.g. a building). |
| MOVING <br> DIAGRAMS | Visual objects with <br> moving parts. | Biology (e.g Krebs Cycle, neurotransmitter <br> action), and mechanical physics (e.g. a <br> moving car in a collision situation). |
| GRAPHS | Shows relationship between: <br> - ${ }^{2}$ variables | Maths (e.g. X-Y graph) and economics <br> (e.g. marketing and sales). <br> of that relationship. |
| TABLES | Collection of related numbers arranged <br> for comparison or reference. | Economics (e.g. data for sales of a <br> product) and physics (e.g. data for <br> physics experiment). |
| FORMULAS | A mathematical relationship between: | Maths (e.g quadratic formula) and <br> physics (e.g. force, mass, acceleration). |
|  | - Factors with other factors. <br> - Factors with outcomes. |  |

