# Student Success \ Improve your thinking-improve your GPA

**KAVEH FARROKH (PH.D.)** 

# **Transfer of Information**

#### **TRANSFER**

Application of knowledge learned in one setting to a new and different setting.

#### **LITERAL**

 Transfer of intact piece of skill/ knowledge from one setting to the next.

E.g. Use of long division skills both in and out of school setting.

#### **FIGURAL**

 Using a part of our knowledge to solve something or learn something new.

E.g. Use of metaphor, analogy or simile to learn something new.

## **DEEP**

 New task looks the same, but different at the deeper level.

E.g. Knobs on car and plane look the same, but have different functions.

#### **SURFACE**

 New task looks different, but has the same functions.

E.g. Knobs on car and plane look different, but have the same functions.



# Student Success \ Improve your thinking-improve your GPA

**KAVEH FARROKH (PH.D.)** 

#### **NEAR**

 New task is very similar to what you already know, except for a few details.

E.g. Karate high punch to karate low punch.

## **FAR**

 New task is significantly different from what you already know.

E.g. Karate Kata exercise to ballet choreography.

#### **VERTICAL**

 Transfer to help learning more complex (higher) knowledge.

E.g. Using algebra to learn calculus.

# **LATERAL**

 Transfer to help learning knowledge at equal of complexity.

E.g. Using knowledge of Wordperfect to learn MS-Word.

#### **POSITIVE**

 Knowledge in one situation helps you learn in a different situation.

E.g. Math knowledge helps you balance your checkbook.

#### **NEGATIVE**

 Knowledge in one situation interferes with learning in a different situation.

E.g. Knowledge of tennis used to play racquetball.

## **SPECIFIC**

Original knowledge and new information overlap.

E.g. Knowledge of Spanish vocabulary and learning French.

#### **GENERAL**

Original knowledge and new information entirely different.

E.g. Knowledge of Latin and learning physics.

